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Biology Unit 1

Grade 12

Application in Conservation of Natural Resources

- 1. **What is the primary goal of conservation biology?**
 - A) Increase biodiversity
 - B) Combat climate change
 - C) Manage natural resources sustainably
 - D) All of the above
 - **Answer:** D) All of the above
- 2. **What does the term "biodiversity" refer to?**
 - A) Variety of species in an ecosystem
 - B) Number of individuals in one species
 - C) The way organisms reproduce
 - D) Only plants in a forest
 - **Answer:** A) Variety of species in an ecosystem
- 3. **Which of the following is a method of sustainable resource management?**
 - A) Monoculture farming
 - B) Reforestation
 - C) Overfishing
 - D) Urban sprawl
 - **Answer:** B) Reforestation
- 4. **What is the purpose of a wildlife corridor?**

- A) To trap animals

- B) To reduce pollution
- C) To connect fragmented habitats
- D) To increase road access
- **Answer:** C) To connect fragmented habitats
- 5. **Which of the following practices is harmful to biodiversity?**
 - A) Crop rotation
 - B) Habitat destruction
 - C) Aquaculture
 - D) Ecotourism
 - **Answer:** B) Habitat destruction
- 6. **Which term describes the extinction of a species?**
 - A) Population decline
 - B) Biodiversity loss
 - C) Environmental degradation
 - D) None of the above
 - **Answer:** D) None of the above
- 7. **What is the role of conservation genetics?**
 - A) Study the genetic variation within species
 - B) Reproduce species in captivity
 - C) Cultivate crops with desired traits

- D) Identify new species

Answer: A) Study the genetic variation within species

8. **Which legislation is designed to protect endangered species in the United States?**

- A) Clean Air Act
- B) Endangered Species Act
- C) National Environmental Policy Act
- D) Marine Mammal Protection Act
- **Answer:** B) Endangered Species Act
- 9. **Which practice promotes conservation in agriculture?**
 - A) Pesticide use
 - B) Agroforestry
 - C) Soil depletion
 - D) Intensive cropping
 - **Answer:** B) Agroforestry

10. **What is ecological restoration?**

- A) The process of removing invasive species
- B) Maintaining biodiversity
- C) Rehabilitating damaged ecosystems
- D) Reducing climate change
- **Answer:** C) Rehabilitating damaged ecosystems

Application in Food and Nutrition Security

- 11. **What is 'food security'?**
 - A) Enough food production for export
 - B) Access to sufficient, safe, and nutritious food
 - C) Food accessible only to certain populations
 - D) None of the above

Answer: B) Access to sufficient, safe, and nutritious food

- 12. **Which of the following is considered a staple food?**
 - A) Rice
 - B) Chocolate
 - C) Candy
 - D) Fast food
 - **Answer:** A) Rice

13. **What agricultural practice helps improve soil fertility?**

- A) Overgrazing
- B) Cover cropping
- C) Deforestation
- D) Monoculture
- **Answer:** B) Cover cropping

14. **What is genetically modified (GM) food?**

- A) Natural food

- B) Food with added preservatives

- C) Food altered using biotechnology

- D) Organic food

Answer: C) Food altered using biotechnology

15. **Which nutrient is most important for growth and repair of body tissues?**

- A) Carbohydrates
- B) Proteins
- C) Fats
- D) Vitamins
- **Answer:** B) Proteins
- 16. **What does the term "sustainable agriculture" mean?**
 - A) Using harmful pesticides
 - B) Farming practices that protect environmental health
 - C) Only focusing on crop yield
 - D) None of the above
 - **Answer:** B) Farming practices that protect environmental health
- 17. **Which microorganism is commonly used in fermentation?**
 - A) Lactic acid bacteria
 - B) Fungi

- C) Yeast

- D) All of the above
- **Answer:** D) All of the above

18. **Which vitamin is primarily obtained from sunlight?**

- A) Vitamin A
- B) Vitamin B12
- C) Vitamin C
- D) Vitamin D
- **Answer:** D) Vitamin D

19. **What is the primary role of pollinators in food production?**

- A) Control pests
- B) Help in the reproduction of plants
- C) Enhance soil fertility
- D) None of the above

Answer: B) Help in the reproduction of plants

20. **What is agroecology?**

- A) A type of machinery
- B) Study of ecological processes in agriculture
- C) The use of chemicals in farming
- D) Urban farming
- **Answer:** B) Study of ecological processes in agriculture

- 21. **What is the primary source of energy in a healthy diet?**
 - A) Proteins
 - B) Carbohydrates
 - C) Fats
 - D) Minerals
 - **Answer:** B) Carbohydrates
- 22. **What is food sovereignty?**
 - A) Rights of nations to control their own food systems
 - B) Global trade of food
 - C) Food available only in certain regions
 - D) None of the above

Answer: A) Rights of nations to control their own food systems

23. **Which organization is primarily focused on ending hunger and improving nutrition globally?**

- A) FDA
- B) WHO
- C) FAO
- D) CDC

Answer: C) FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization)

24. **Which crop is considered a major source of protein in developing countries?**

- A) Wheat

- B) Maize
- C) Soybeans
- D) Rice
- **Answer:** C) Soybeans

25. **What is the main benefit of crop rotation?**

- A) Increased crop yields
- B) Reduced soil fertility
- C) Prevention of pest and disease buildup
- D) Higher dependence on fertilizers

Answer: C) Prevention of pest and disease buildup

Creating Conscious Citizens and Ensuring Sustainability

- 26. **What is environmental awareness?**
 - A) Knowing about environmental issues
 - B) Ignoring pollution
 - C) Encouraging waste production
 - D) None of the above
 - **Answer:** A) Knowing about environmental issues

27. **Which concept emphasizes the importance of individual and community responsibility towards the environment?**

- A) Consumerism
- B) Environmental stewardship
- C) Industrialization
- D) Globalization
- **Answer:** B) Environmental stewardship

28. **What does sustainable development aim to achieve?**

- A) Economic growth at the expense of the environment
- B) Meeting the needs of the present without compromising future generations
- C) Depletion of natural resources
- D) Rapid industrialization

Answer: B) Meeting the needs of the present without compromising future generations

29. **Which of the following activities contributes to a sustainable lifestyle?**

- A) Using single-use plastics
- B) Recycling materials
- C) Overconsumption
- D) Burning fossil fuels
- **Answer:** B) Recycling materials

30. **What is civic responsibility?**

- A) Participating in government

- B) Ignoring local issues
- C) Only voting in elections
- D) None of the above
- **Answer:** A) Participating in government

31. **Education for Sustainable Development (ESD) focuses on:**

- A) Traditional teaching methods
- B) Promoting awareness and skills for sustainable living
- C) Increasing consumer products
- D) None of the above

Answer: B) Promoting awareness and skills for sustainable living

32. **Which group is primarily responsible for protecting the environment in a community?**

- A) Local government
- B) Individual citizens
- C) Environmental organizations
- D) All of the above
- **Answer:** D) All of the above

33. **Which term describes the reduction of waste through minimizing, reusing, and recycling?**

- A) Waste management
- B) Waste creation
- C) Circular economy

- D) Landfill expansion
- **Answer:** C) Circular economy
- 34. **Which of the following is an example of a renewable resource?**
 - A) Coal
 - B) Natural gas
 - C) Solar energy
 - D) Nuclear power
 - **Answer:** C) Solar energy
- 35. **What is the principle behind permaculture?**
 - A) Intensive monoculture
 - B) Creating agricultural ecosystems that mimic natural ecosystems
 - C) Using only chemical fertilizers
 - D) None of the above

Answer: B) Creating agricultural ecosystems that mimic natural ecosystems

Application in Biotechnology

- 36. **What does biotechnology primarily involve?**
 - A) Use of traditional farming techniques
 - B) Manipulation of living organisms for specific purposes
 - C) Chemical manufacturing
 - D) Mining resources

Answer: B) Manipulation of living organisms for specific purposes

- 37. **What is a genetically modified organism (GMO)?**
 - A) An organism modified through traditional breeding
 - B) An organism modified using genetic engineering techniques
 - C) Any organism living in a lab
 - D) A type of new species

Answer: B) An organism modified using genetic engineering techniques

- 38. **Which of the following is a major benefit of biotechnology in agriculture?**
 - A) Increased pesticide use
 - B) Higher crop yields
 - C) Reduced soil health
 - D) Lower biodiversity
 - **Answer:** B) Higher crop yields

39. **What is CRISPR technology used for?**

- A) Food preservation
- B) Genetic editing
- C) Farming techniques
- D) Water purification
- **Answer:** B) Genetic editing

40. **Which of the following is a disadvantage of using GMOs?**

- A) Increased food security

- B) Potential allergenicity

- C) Economic benefits for farmers

- D) Resistance to pests

Answer: B) Potential allergenicity

41. **What role do biofuels play in sustainability?**

- A) They are derived from fossil fuels

- B) They contribute to greenhouse gas emissions

- C) They provide renewable energy alternatives to fossil fuels
- D) They require extensive land use

Answer: C) They provide renewable energy alternatives to fossil fuels

42. **Which field involves the use of microorganisms to clean up environmental pollutants?**

- A) Environmental degradation
- B) Bioremediation
- C) Genetic engineering
- D) Industrial pollution
- **Answer:** B) Bioremediation

43. **What is the primary goal of tissue culture in biotechnology?**

- A) To create new species
- B) To grow plant cells in artificial conditions for propagation

- C) To preserve biodiversity
- D) To study animal behavior

Answer: B) To grow plant cells in artificial conditions for propagation

- 44. **Biotechnology can enhance food security by:**
 - A) Reducing crop diversity
 - B) Increasing pest resistance in crops
 - C) Requiring more rainfall
 - D) None of the above
 - **Answer:** B) Increasing pest resistance in crops
- 45. **What is the purpose of genetic testing in medicine?**
 - A) To treat patients
 - B) To prevent diseases by understanding genetic risks
 - C) To create new drugs
 - D) None of the above
 - **Answer:** B) To prevent diseases by understanding genetic risks
- 46. **What is a significant ethical concern related to biotechnology?**
 - A) Increased agricultural productivity
 - B) The safety of GMOs for human consumption
 - C) Reduced use of fertilizers
 - D) Environmental restoration
 - **Answer:** B) The safety of GMOs for human consumption

47. **Which organism is commonly used in the production of insulin?**

- A) Plants
- B) Fungi
- C) Bacteria
- D) Animals
- **Answer:** C) Bacteria
- 48. **Biotechnology plays a role in which of the following fields?**
 - A) Medicine
 - B) Agriculture
 - C) Environmental science
 - D) All of the above
 - **Answer:** D) All of the above
- 49. **What are probiotics?**
 - A) Genetically modified organisms
 - B) Live microorganisms that provide health benefits
 - C) Harmful bacteria
 - D) Only found in yogurt
 - **Answer:** B) Live microorganisms that provide health benefits

50. **Which of the following applications of biotechnology is used to improve crop resistance to climate change?**

- A) Crop rotation

- B) Genetic engineering
- C) Organic farming
- D) Livestock breeding
- **Answer:** B) Genetic engineering