

P.7 PRE MOCK ONE



MTC GUIDE



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COMING UP

5 PRE MOCK SETS & 1 SPECIAL MOCK

NAME:.....

SCHOOL:.....

 **0780-438054**

 **0708-438054**

$$6P - 4 + 4 = 8 + 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \overline{6P} = \underline{12}^2 \\ \underline{6} \quad \underline{6} \quad 1 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{P = 2}$$

ALGEBRA

8. Edward used 3.67kg of cement to construct a wall.
Express the quantity of cement used in grams.

$$1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ grams}$$

$$3.67 \text{ kg} = (3.67 \times 1000) \text{ grams}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 376 \\ \underline{100} \end{array} \times 1000 \text{ grams}$$

$$(367 \times 10) \text{ grams}$$

$$\underline{3670 \text{ grams}}$$

M1 for correct method

A1 for final answer 3670 grams

APPLICATION OF FRACTIONS

9. What number has been expanded to form:

$$(7 \times 10) + (2 \times 1) + (6 \times 10)$$

$$(7 \times 10 \times 10) + (2 \times 1) + 6 \times \frac{1}{10}$$

$$700 + 2 + \frac{6}{10}$$

$$700 + 2 + 0.6$$

$$700.0$$

$$+ 2.0$$

$$+ \underline{0.6}$$

$$\underline{702.6}$$

M1 for expression

A1 for final answer 702.6

WHOLE NUMBERS

10. Simplify: $4k - 6m + 6k - 4m$.

$$4k + 6k - 6m - 4m$$

$$\underline{10k - 10m} \text{ OR } \underline{10(k-m)}$$

B1 for correct arrangement

A1 for final answer

11. Find the value of angle m in the figure below.

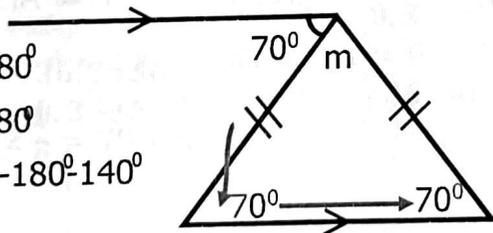
Value of M .

$$m + 70^\circ + 70^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$m + 140^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$m + 140^\circ - 140^\circ = 180^\circ - 140^\circ$$

$$\underline{m = 40^\circ}$$



M1 for correct method

A1 for final answer 40°

ANGLES

12. Round off 64.98 to the nearest tenths.

$$64.9$$

$$+ 0.1$$

$$\underline{65.0}$$

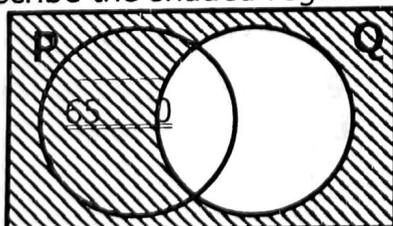
T	O	.	T	h
6	4		9	8

M1 for correct method

A1 for final answer 65.0

$$\therefore 64.98 \approx 65.0$$

13. Describe the shaded region in the Venn diagram below.



Set Q' or Q'

B2 for correct answer

SET CONCEPTS

4. Find the number which has been prime factorized $\{2_1, 2_2, 2_3, 5_1\}$

OPERATION ON WHOLE NUMBERS

Number = $(2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 5)$

B1 for multiplication

Number = 4×10

A1 for 40

Number = 40

5. The total surface area of a cube is 150 cm^2 . Find its volume.

$$\begin{aligned} T.S.A &= 6S^2 \\ 6S^2 &= 150 \\ \frac{6 \times S^2}{6} &= \frac{150}{6} \end{aligned}$$

Volume = $5 \times 5 \times 5$

M1 for correct method

$5 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$

A1 for 125 cm^3

125 cm^3

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{S^2} &= \sqrt{25} \\ \cancel{\sqrt{S \times S}} &= \cancel{\sqrt{5 \times 5}} \\ S &= 5 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

✓ follow through clearly.

✓ Reject any answer without

Correct units.

LENGTH, MASS AND CAPACITY

6. Simplify: $\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{1}$$

M1 for multiplicative inverse

$$\frac{3 \times 2}{4 \times 1}$$

A1 for $1\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{6}{4}$$

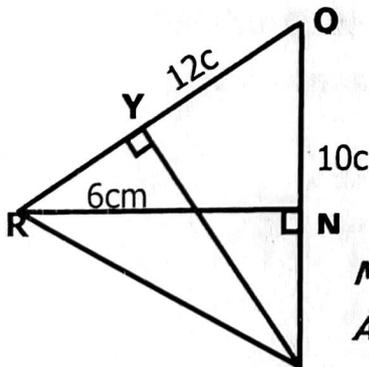
✓ follow through Clearly.

✓ Reject any answer without clear

$$\frac{6}{4}$$

FRACTIONS

7. In the figure below, find the length PY.



Area of $\triangle PRY$ = Area of $\triangle PRQ$

$$\frac{1}{2} b \times h = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 12 \text{ cm} \times PY = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 12^6 \text{ cm} \times PY = \frac{1}{2} \times 10^5 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$6 PY \text{ cm} = 5 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$$

M1 for correct method

$$\frac{6 PY \text{ cm}}{6 \text{ cm}} = \frac{30^5 \text{ cm}^2}{6 \text{ cm}}$$

A1 for correct answer

length PY = 5cm

8. A man drove his car for a distance of 60 km in 4 hours. Express his speed in m/sec.

Speed(Km/h)

$1 \text{ km} = 1000 \text{ m}$

$S = (D \div T)$

$15 \text{ km} = 15 \times 1000 \text{ m}$

$\frac{60 \text{ km}}{4 \text{ hrs}}$

$D = 15000 \text{ m}$

TIME: $1 \text{ hr} = 3600 \text{ sec}$

M1 for correct method

15 km/h

$\therefore \text{speed} = \frac{15000 \text{ m}}{3600 \text{ sec}} = 4\frac{1}{6}$

A1 for correct answer

9. There were 40 children and 200 adults at a concert: What fraction of the people were adults?

Total no = $40 + 200$

$$\text{Fraction} = \frac{\text{No of adults}}{\text{Total NO}} = \frac{200}{240} = \frac{5}{6}$$

20. Given that $P = 6$ and $R = 4$. Calculate the value of $2R - \frac{1}{2}P$.

$$(2 \times R) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \times P\right)$$

M1 for correct substitution

$$(2 \times 4) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 6\right)$$

A1 for correct difference

$$8 - 3$$

ALGEBRA

$$5$$

SECTION B. (60MARKS)

21. (a) Simplify: $\frac{0.12 \times 5.4}{0.03 \times 0.6}$ *(03 marks)*
follow through the working

$$\left(\frac{12}{100} \times \frac{54}{10}\right) \div \left(\frac{3}{100} \times \frac{6}{10}\right)$$

M1 for fractions

$$\frac{12}{100} \times \frac{54}{10} \times \frac{100}{3} \times \frac{10}{6}$$

B1 for reciprocals

FRACTIONS *A1 for 36*

$$4 \times 9 = 36$$

- (b) Express the recurring decimal 0.3636..... as common fraction. *(03 marks)*
Let the fraction be (k)

$$K = 0.3636 \dots \text{ (i)}$$

$$100k = 36.3636$$

$$100 \times K = 0.3636 \times 100$$

$$-k = 0.3636$$

$$100k = 36.3636. \text{ (ii)}$$

$$99k = 36$$

M1 for correct formula

$$99k = 36$$

B1 for correct subtraction

$$\frac{99k}{99} = \frac{36}{99}$$

A1 for correct simplified fraction

$$k = \frac{4}{11}$$

22. (a) Write 546 in Roman numerals. *(02 mark)*

WHOLE NUMBERS

$$546 = 500 + 40 + 6$$

M1 for correct method

$$= D \quad XL \quad VI$$

A1 for correct answer

$$546 = DXLVI$$

- (b) Find the sum of the value of 8 and place value of 6 in the numeral 8670. *(02 marks)*

Value of 8 is $8 \times 1000 = 8000$

M1 for addition

Place value of 6 is hundreds – 100

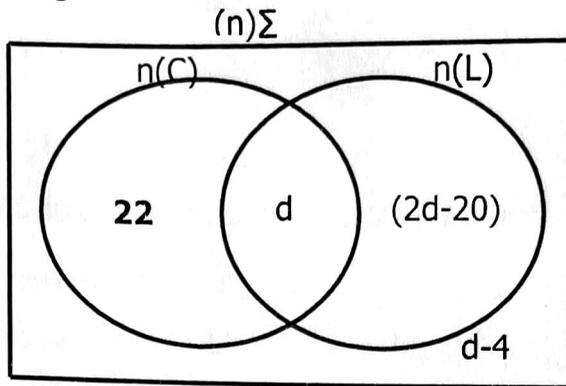
A1 for correct 8100

Sum is $8000 + 100$

8100

23. In a bus, 22 passengers bought chicken (C) only, d passengers bought both Chicken and Liver. $(2d-20)$ bought Liver (L) only while $d-4$ bought neither of the two. Complete the Venn diagram below (02 marks)

B1 for each correct entry



- (b) If the number of Passengers who bought liver is twice the passengers who did not buy any of the two types, find the value of d . (02 marks)

$$n(\text{CUL})' \times 2 = n(L)$$

$$2(d-4) = d + 2d - 20$$

$$2d - 8 = 3d - 20$$

$$2d - 8 + 8 = 3d - 20 + 8$$

$$2d = 3d - 12$$

$$2d - 3d = 3d - 3d - 12$$

$$\frac{-d}{-1} = \frac{-12}{-1}$$

$$d = 12.$$

follow through clearly up to the last step.

M1 for correct formation

A1 for $d=12$

- (c) Find $n(\Sigma)$.

(02 marks)

$$22 + d + (2d - 20) + d - 4$$

$$22 + 12 + (2 \times 12 - 20) + 12 - 4$$

$$34 + 4 + 8$$

$$n(\Sigma) = 46$$

B1 for correct formation of an equation

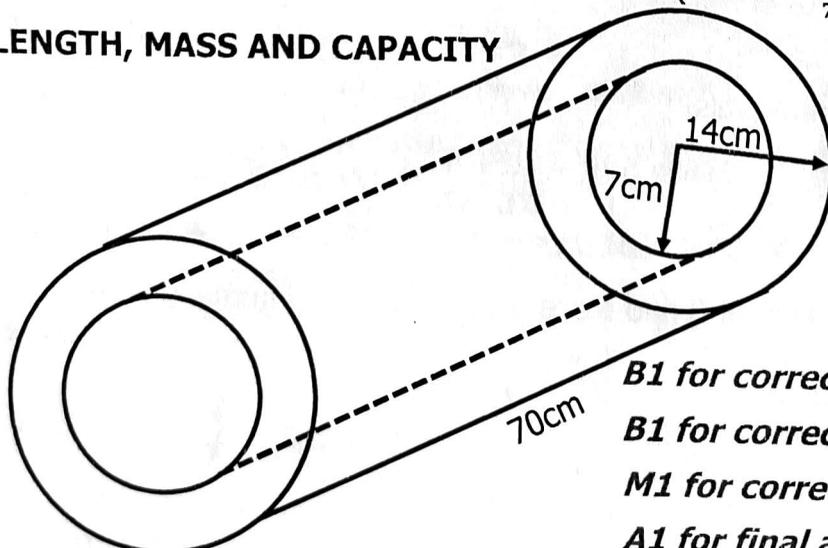
A1 for 46

24. The figure below shows a cylindrical hollow pipe of concrete. Use it to answer the questions that follow.

- (a) Calculate the volume of the concrete (use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)

(05 marks)

LENGTH, MASS AND CAPACITY



B1 for correct volume of outer pipe

B1 for correct volume of inner pipe

M1 for correct operation

A1 for final answer

Outer pipe	Inner pipe	concrete
$Vol = (\pi r^2 h)$ $\frac{22}{7} \times 14 \text{ cm} \times 14 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$ $22 \times 14 \text{ cm} \times 14 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$ $(22 \times 14 \times 14 \times 10) \text{ cm} \times \text{cm} \times \text{cm}$ 43120 cm³	$Vol = (\pi r^2 h)$ $\frac{22}{7} \times 7 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$ $22 \times 7 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$ $(22 \times 7 \times 7 \times 10) \text{ cm} \times \text{cm} \times \text{cm}$ 10780 cm³	43120 -10780 <u>32340 cm³</u>

25. Mr. Kato bought 5 books and 3 pens at sh. 25,000. If the cost of a book is sh 200 more than a pen, find the amount of money spent on each item. (05 marks)

ALGEBRA

Let the cost above be (k)		
Book	pen	cost.
$K + sh \cdot 200$	k	
$5(k + sh \cdot 200)$	$3k$	sh. 25,000

value of k $5(k + sh \cdot 200) + 3k = sh \cdot 25000$ **M1 for correct formation of an equation**

- check un equation formation
- Follow through clearly
- Reject any answer without correct units.

B1 for correct collection of like terms

B1 for $k = sh \cdot 3000$

A1 for Sh. 16000

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5k + sh \cdot 1000 + 3k = sh \cdot 25000 \\ 8k + sh \cdot 1000 = sh \cdot 25000 \\ 8k + sh \cdot 1000 - 1000 = sh \cdot 25000 - 1000 \\ \frac{8k}{8} = \frac{sh \cdot 24000}{8} \\ k = sh \cdot 3000 \end{array} \right.$$

Books

$$k + sh \cdot 200$$

$$sh \cdot 3000 + 200$$

$$sh \cdot 3200 \times 5$$

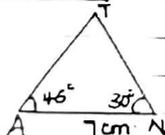
Pens

$$3 \times 3000$$

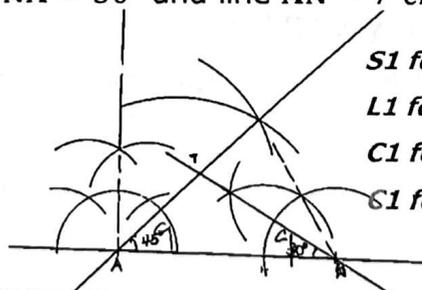
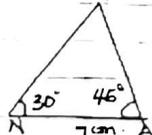
$$\text{Sh. 9000}$$

26. (a) Using a ruler, a pair of compasses and a sharp Pencil, construct a triangle TAN such that angle TAN = 45°, TNA = 30° and line AN = 7 cm. (04 marks)

Sketch:



OR



S1 for correct sketch

L1 for correct length line AN

C1 for correct <A

S1 for correct <N

GEOMETRY

(b) Measure line TN 5.1 or 5.2 or 5.3 cm.

Reject 5 cm

(01 mark)

B1 for correct length

A man drove at 160 km/h for $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours. He rested for 30 minutes. After resting, he covered 120 km at 60 km/h.

(a) What distance did he cover before resting?

(02 marks)

$$\text{Distance} = S \times T$$

$$160 \text{ km/h} \times 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ hrs}$$

$$\frac{160 \text{ km}}{1 \text{ h}} \times \frac{3}{2} \text{ hrs}$$

$$240 \text{ km}$$

M1 for correct method

A1 for final answer 240km

TIME, DISTANCE AND SPEED

(b) Calculate the average speed for the whole journey.

(03 marks)

$$\text{Average speed} = \frac{T \cdot D \cdot C}{T \cdot T \cdot T} \quad \left(1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + 2\right)$$

M1 for correct method

$$T \cdot D \cdot C = 240 \text{ km} + 120 \text{ km}$$

4 hours

B1 for total time taken

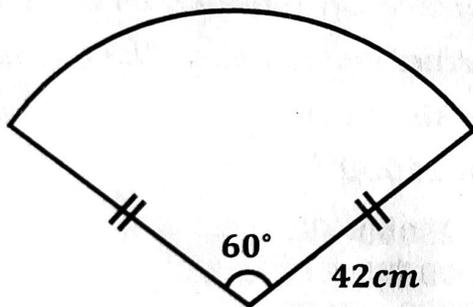
$$\text{T.T.T} = 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ hrs} + 30 \text{ min} + \frac{120}{60}$$

$$\text{Speed} = \frac{360}{4 \text{ hr}}$$

A1 for 90km/h

90km/h

28. (a) Calculate the area of the shape below. (Use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$) (02 marks)



$$\text{Area} = \frac{\theta}{360} \pi r^2$$

$$\frac{60}{360} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 42 \text{ cm} \times 42 \text{ cm}$$

$$1 \times 22 \times 6 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm}$$

$$924 \text{ cm}^2$$

M1 for correct substitution and operation

A1 for final correct answer with units

(b) The sum of the parallel lines of a trapezium is 27cm and its height is 27cm and its height is 8cm. Calculate its area. (02 marks)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} h(a + b)$$

$$(a + b) = 27 \text{ cm}, h = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \text{ cm} \times 27 \text{ cm}$$

$$4 \text{ cm} \times 27 \text{ cm}$$

$$108 \text{ cm}^2$$

M1 for correct substitution and operation

A1 for final correct answer with units

(c) What is 25% of 3 dozen books?

$$1 \text{ dozen} = 12 \text{ items}$$

B1 for 36 books

$$3 \text{ dozen books} = 3 \times 12 \text{ books}$$

B1 for 9 books

$$36 \text{ books}$$

$$\frac{25}{100} \times 36 \text{ books}$$

$$9 \text{ books}$$

29. (a) What number has been expanded below. (02 marks)

$$(7 \times 10^3) + (6 \times 10^2) + (4 \times 10^{-2})$$

$$7 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 + 6 \times 10 \times 10 + 4 \times \frac{1}{10} \times \frac{1}{10}$$

$$7000 + 600 + \frac{4}{100}$$

$$7000 + 600 + 0.04$$

$$7000.00$$

$$600.00$$

$$+ 0.04$$

$$\underline{7600.04}$$

- (b) How many 500ml cups of milk can be obtained from 8 litres? (02marks)

No of 500ml cups.

$$1L \rightarrow 1000ml$$

$$8L \rightarrow 8 \times 1000ml$$

$$8000ml.$$

$$8000ml \div 500ml$$

16 cups

30. The sum of interior angles of a regular polygon is 1440° .

(a) Name the polygon. (03 marks)

$$180^\circ(n - 2) = \text{interior } \angle \text{ sum} \quad \text{GEOMETRY, POLYGONS}$$

$$180^\circ(n - 2) = 1440^\circ$$

$$180^\circ n - 360^\circ = 1440^\circ$$

$$180^\circ n - 360^\circ = 1440^\circ + 360^\circ \quad \text{M1 for correct method}$$

$$\frac{180^\circ n}{180^\circ} = \frac{1840^\circ}{180^\circ}$$

$$n = 10 \text{ sides.}$$

B1 for 10 sides

A1 for Octagon.

The polygon is Octagon.

- (b) Find the size of each exterior angle. (02 marks)

$$\text{Ext } \angle = \frac{360^\circ}{\text{No. of sides}}$$

Follow the working

M1 for correct substitution

$$\frac{360^\circ}{10} \quad \text{Reject any answer}$$

A1 for 36°

$$36^\circ.$$

with out units.

31. The rates at which the bank buys and sells united states dollar and Kenya shillings are given in the table below:

Currency	Buying	Selling.
1 US dollar	Ugsh. 3500	Ugsh. 3600
1 Kenya shilling	Ugsh. 30	Ugsh. 35

(a) If a trader has 600 dollars and 400 Kenya shillings, how much money in Uganda shillings can he get from the bank? (03 marks)

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 \text{ dollar} &= \text{Ugsh. } 3500 \\
 600 \text{ dollar} &= (600 \times 3500) \\
 &= \text{Ugsh. } 2,100,000
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 \text{ ksh} &= \text{Ugsh. } 30 \\
 400 \text{ ksh} &= (30 \times 400) \\
 &= \text{Ugsh. } 12000
 \end{aligned}$$

Total amount (Ugsh. 2,100,000 + Ugsh. 12000)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Ugsh. } 2,100,000 \\
 \text{Ugsh. } +12000 \\
 \hline
 \text{Ugsh. } 2,112,000
 \end{array}$$

M1 for correct method
B1 for Ugsh. 2,100,000
A1 for Ugsh. 2,112,000

(b) Liza has 1050 dollars, how much can he exchange for Kenya shillings. (02 marks)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\text{Dollars} \rightarrow \text{Ugsh}) \quad \text{Ugsh } 1050 \times 3500 &= \text{Ugsh. } 3675,000 \\
 (\text{Ugsh} \rightarrow \text{Ksh}) \quad \frac{\text{Ugsh. } 3675,000}{35} & \\
 49 \text{ sh } 3675,0000 &
 \end{aligned}$$

Ksh 105000

M1 for changing dollars to Ugsh
A1 for converting Ugsh to Kenya shillings

32. The sum of three consecutive Counting numbers is 18. Find the numbers. (04 marks)

1 st no	2 nd	3 rd	sum
n	$n + 1$	$n + 2$	18

1 st no	2 nd	3 rd
5	6	7

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{value of } (n) \\
 n+n+1+n+2 &= 18 \\
 3n+3 &= 18 \\
 3n+3-3 &= 18-3 \\
 n &= 5
 \end{aligned}$$

M1 for correct formation of equation
B1 for collecting like terms
A1 for correct value of n
B1 for correct two last numbers

NUMBER PATTERNS AND SEQUENCES

END