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PRE- MOCK SET FOUR
2025
 MATHEMATICS

OFFICIAL MARKING GUIDE

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07th/7 - 12th/7/2025
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DATE	PAPER	CLASS
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10th/6-20th/6	PRE-MOCK SET 2	P.7 5000
24th/6-30th/6	MID TERM II	Nursery, P1-P6
	PRE-MOCK SET 3	P.7 5000
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	PRE-MOCK SET 4	P.7 5000

SPECIAL MOCK SET 2025 AT 20K ONLY
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SECTION: 40 MARKS

There are **20** questions in this section.

Answer **all** questions in this section.

1. Work out: 384×4

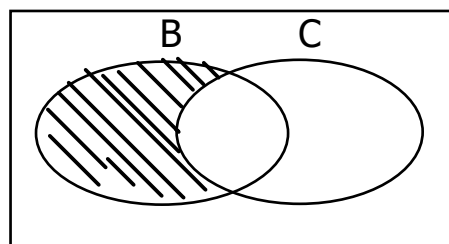
$$\begin{aligned} 384 \times 4 &= 300 \times 4 + 80 \times 4 + 4 \times 4 \\ &= 1200 + 320 + 16 \\ &= \underline{\underline{1536}} \end{aligned}$$

2. Write 56.86 in words.

UNITS	DECIMALS
56	86

Five thousand six hundred eighty-six hundredths

3. In the Venn diagram, describe the shaded region.



B-C

4. Simplify: $2(3a - 2) - (a - 3)$

$$2 \times 3a - 2 \times 2 - a + 3$$

$$6a - 4 - a + 3$$

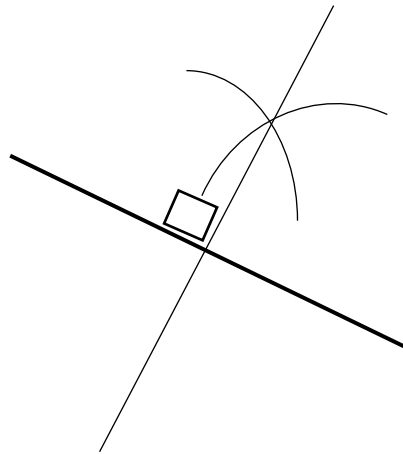
$$6a - a + 3 - 4$$

$$5a + 3 - 4$$

$$\underline{\underline{5a - 1}}$$

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5. Using a pair of compasses, ruler and a sharp only. Bisect the line below.



6. Write 444 in Roman numerals.

$$\begin{aligned} 444 &= 400 + 40 + 4 \\ &= \text{CD XL IV} \\ &= \underline{\text{CDXLIV}} \end{aligned}$$

7. Find the numerical place value of 4 in 423_{five}

100fives	10fives	Ones
4	2	3

$$= \underline{\underline{100\text{fives}}}$$

8. Nakalema bought $\frac{5}{8}$ kg of rice to make rice balls. Each rice ball requires 25 grams. Find the number of rice ball she made.

$$1\text{kg} = 1000\text{g}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} \times 1000\text{g} = 625\text{g}$$

$$625\text{g} \div 25\text{g} = \underline{\underline{25 \text{ rice balls}}}$$

9. Work out: $0.9 + 1.25 \div 0.05$

Applying BODMAS

$$0.9 + \left(\frac{125}{100} \div \frac{5}{100} \right)$$

$$0.9 + \left(\frac{125}{100} \times \frac{100}{5} \right)$$

$$\underline{\underline{0.9 + 25 = 25.9}}$$

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10. Round off 49.746 to nearest ones place.

T	O(RPV)	t(NPV)	h	th
4	9	7	4	6

$$\begin{array}{r} 49.000 \\ +1.000 \\ \hline 50.000 \end{array} \qquad \underline{\underline{49.746 \approx 50}}$$

11. Ampeire scored the following marks in her homework.

8, 8, 4, 7, 9, 12

How many times did she score her average?

Mean = total score \div number of items

$$= 8 + 8 + 4 + 7 + 9 + 12$$

$$= 48$$

Number of items = 6

$$\text{Mean} = 48 \div 6$$

$$= 8$$

She scored it 3 times

12. Simplify: $3\frac{1}{2} : 2\frac{1}{3}$ to its simplest form.

$$\frac{7}{2} \div \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\frac{7}{2} \times \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\underline{\underline{2:3}}$$

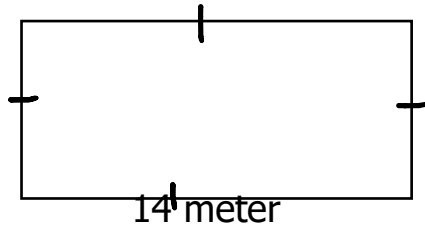
13. The square of the number is $6\frac{1}{4}$. Find the number.

$$\begin{aligned} 6\frac{1}{4} &= \frac{25}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{25}}{4} &= \frac{5}{2} \end{aligned}$$

5	25
5	5
	1

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14. The perimeter of the figure below is 42 metres. Find its width.



Forming equation

$$\text{Perimeter} = 2(l + w)$$

$$42 \text{ m} = (2 \times 14 \text{ m}) + 2w$$

$$42 \text{ m} = 28 \text{ m} + 2w$$

$$42 \text{ m} - 28 \text{ m} = 28 \text{ m} - 28 \text{ m} + 2w$$

$$16 \text{ m} = 2w$$

$$\underline{8 \text{ m} = \text{width}}$$

15. Work out $(33 \times 4) - (4 \times 17)$ using common factor property.

$$(33 - 17) \times 4$$

$$16 \times 4$$

$$\underline{64}$$

16. Find the average speed in m/s for a lorry that covers a distance of 280km/h for $2 \frac{1}{2}$ hours.

Average speed = total distance \div time

Total distance = 280km

$$\text{Time} = \frac{5}{2} \text{ hr}$$

$$= 280 \text{ km} \div \frac{5}{2} \text{ h}$$

$$= 280 \text{ km} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ h}$$

$$\underline{= 112 \text{ km/h}}$$

17. Today is Thursday, 9th July 2025. What day of the week will it be on 5th September?

$$\text{July} = 31 - 9$$

$$\text{August} = 31$$

$$\text{September} = 9$$

$$22 + 31 + 9 = 62$$

$$\text{Thursday} + 62 = \dots\dots\dots (\text{finite } 7)$$

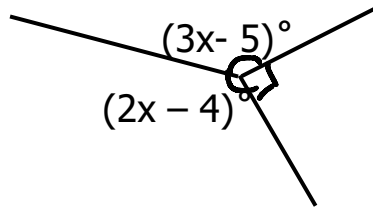
$$4 + 62 = 66$$

$$66 \div 7 = 9 \text{ rem } 3$$

$$\underline{\text{Wednesday}}$$

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18. Find the size of the angle x.



Angles at the center = 360°

$$(2x - 4 + 90 + 3x - 5)^\circ = 360^\circ$$

$$5x + 81 = 360$$

$$5x - 81 = 360 - 81$$

$$5x = 279$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{279}{5}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 55.8}}$$

19. A trader made a loss of 9% on a dozen of note books he sold at sh. 10,125 each. Find the unit cost of each book.

The selling price = sh. 10125×12

$$= \text{sh. } 121,500$$

$$\text{Cost price} = \text{sh. } \frac{121500}{81} \times 100$$

$$= \text{sh. } 150,000$$

$$\text{Unit cost price} = \frac{\text{sh } 150000}{12} = \text{sh } 12,500$$

20. A minute hand rested at 20 minutes. Find the size of the angle (turn) it made.

$$\frac{20}{60} \times 360^\circ$$

$$= \underline{\underline{120^\circ}}$$

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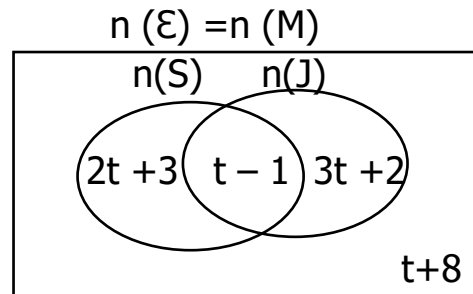
SECTION B: 60 MARKS

There are **12** questions in this section.

Answer **all** questions in this section.

Marks for each question is indicated in bracket.

21. In the Bagadisa's birthday party, all candidates were served with mineral water (M). They were served with soda(S) and juice (J) as shown in the Venn diagram below.



- a) If the number of those who took mineral water only was twice the number those who took all three drinks, find the value of t .
(02 marks)

$$\begin{aligned}t + 8 &= 2(t - 1) \\t + 8 &= 2t - 2 \\t + 8 - 8 &= 2t - 2 - 8 \\t - 2t &= 2t - 2t - 10 \\-t &= -10 \\t &= 10\end{aligned}$$

- b) A pupil was picked at random, find the probability that a pupil picked took only two type of drinks. (02 marks)

$$\text{Probability} = \frac{n(E)}{n(S)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}n(E) &= 2t + 3 + 3t + 2 \\&= 2 \times 10 + 3 + 3 \times 10 + 2 \\&= 20 + 3 + 30 + 2 \\&= 55 \text{ pupils} \\n(S) &= 55 + t - 1 + t + 8 \\&= 55 + 10 - 1 + 10 + 8 \\&= 55 + 9 + 18 \\&= 82\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Probability} = \frac{55}{82}$$

22. Nakalyango sells mangoes in heaps of five and eights. A heap of five mangoes costs sh 1,500 and a heap of eights costs sh.2, 000. She had 18 heaps of fives and the remaining in heaps of eights. She sold all at sh 113,000.

Find the total of mangoes she sold

(04 marks)

Cost for the heap of five.

$$18 \times \text{sh. } 1500 = \text{sh. } 27000$$

Remaining money.

$$\text{Sh. } 113,000 - \text{sh. } 27,000 = \text{sh. } 86,000$$

Heaps of eights.

$$\text{Sh. } 86,000 \div \text{sh. } 20,000$$

43 heaps.

Number of mangoes in heap of eights

$$43 \times 8 = 344$$

Number of mangoes in heap of fives

$$18 \times 5 = 90$$

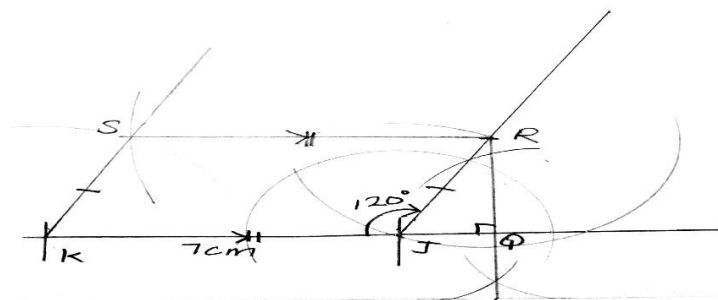
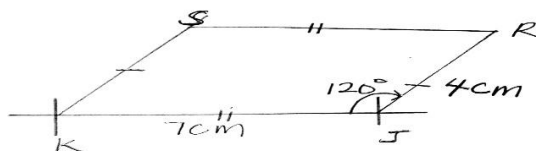
Total number of mangoes sold.

$$344 + 90 = 434$$

23. Using a pair of compasses, ruler and a sharp pencil only

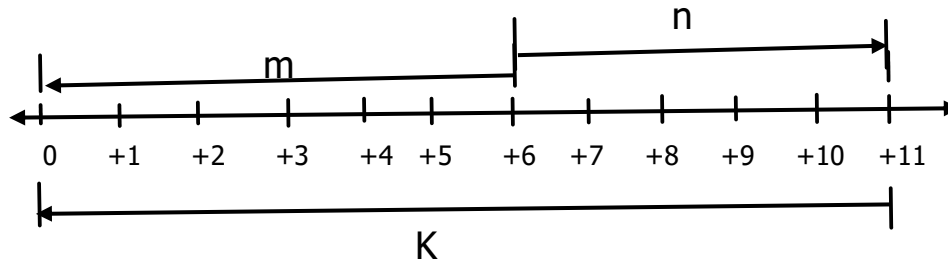
- a) Construct a quadrilateral KJRS where $KJ = RS = 7\text{cm}$ and $JR = KS = 4\text{cm}$ and the angle $KJR = 120^\circ$.

(04 marks)



- b) Drop a perpendicular line from R to meet line KJ at Q and measure height of the quadrilateral3.5cm.....
(01 marks)

24. The figure below shows a number line. Study it carefully and answer the questions that follow.



- a) Simplify: $m - n$ (02 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} & (-6) - (+5) \\ & = -6 - 5 \\ & = \underline{\underline{-11}} \end{aligned}$$

- b) Write the mathematical sentence for the number line above (02 marks)

$$\underline{\underline{-6 - 5 = -11}}$$

25. a) solve for w: $2(w+1) - 3(2w-1) = -3$ (02 marks)

$$2w + 2 - 6w + 3 = -3$$

$$2w - 6w + 2 + 3 = -3$$

$$-4w + 5 = -3$$

$$-4w + 5 - 5 = -3 - 5$$

$$-4w = -8$$

$$\frac{-4w}{-4} = \frac{-8}{-4}$$

$$\underline{\underline{W = 2}}$$

b) Work out the value of m: $\frac{1}{4}m + 5 = 3$ (finite 7) (03 marks)

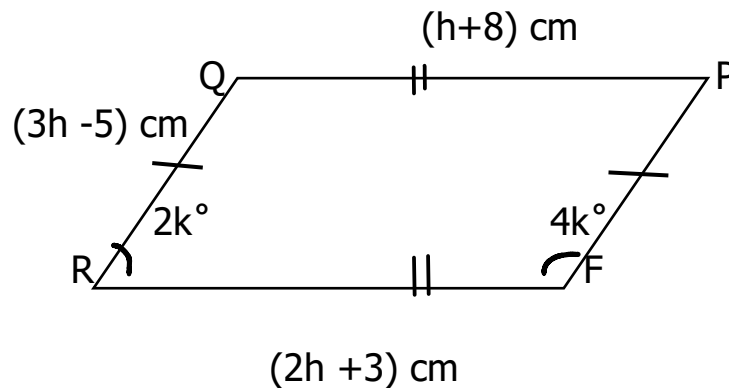
$$\frac{1}{4}m \times 4 + \frac{5}{1} \times 4 = \frac{3}{1} \times 4 \text{ (finite 7)}$$

$$M + 20 - 20 = 12 - 20$$

$$M = (12 + 7) - 20 = \dots\dots$$

$$M = (19 + 7) - 20 = \underline{6 \text{ (finite 7)}}$$

26. Use the figure below to answer the questions that follow.



a) Find the value of k. (02 marks)

Two base angles of a parallelogram add up to 180°

$$2k + 4k = 180$$

$$6k = 180$$

$$\frac{6k}{6} = \frac{180}{6}$$

$$\underline{k = 30}$$

b) Work out the size of angle QPF (02 marks)

$$2k^\circ$$

$$2 \times 30^\circ$$

$$= \underline{60^\circ}$$

c) Find the perimeter of the figure QPRF (03 marks)

$$(h + 8)\text{cm} + (2h + 3)\text{cm} + (3h - 5)\text{cm} + (3h - 5)\text{cm}$$

$$\text{But } (h + 8)\text{cm} = (2h + 3)\text{cm}$$

$$h + 8 = 2h + 3$$

$$h - h + 8 - 3 = 2h - h + 3 - 3$$

$$5 = h$$

$$\text{Therefore; } (5 + 8)\text{cm} + (2 \times 5 + 3)\text{cm} + 2(3 \times 5 - 5)\text{cm}$$

$$(13 + 13 + 20 + 20)\text{cm}$$

$$\underline{66\text{cm}}$$

27. A car that is 300metres long covered a distance of 53.7km from 12:30 p.m. to 2:00 p.m. Calculate the speed of the car in m/s.
(04 marks)

Changing 53.7km to metres

1km = 1000metres

$$= 53.7 \times 1000\text{m}$$

$$= 53700\text{m}$$

Total distance = 53700

$$+ \quad \underline{300}$$

$$\underline{54000}$$

Duration = HRS minutes

$$12+2 \quad 00 +60$$

$$- \quad \underline{12} \quad \underline{30}$$

$$\underline{2 \text{ hrs} \quad 30\text{mins}}$$

Changing to seconds = $2 \times 60 \times 60 + 30 \times 60$

$$= 900 \text{ seconds}$$

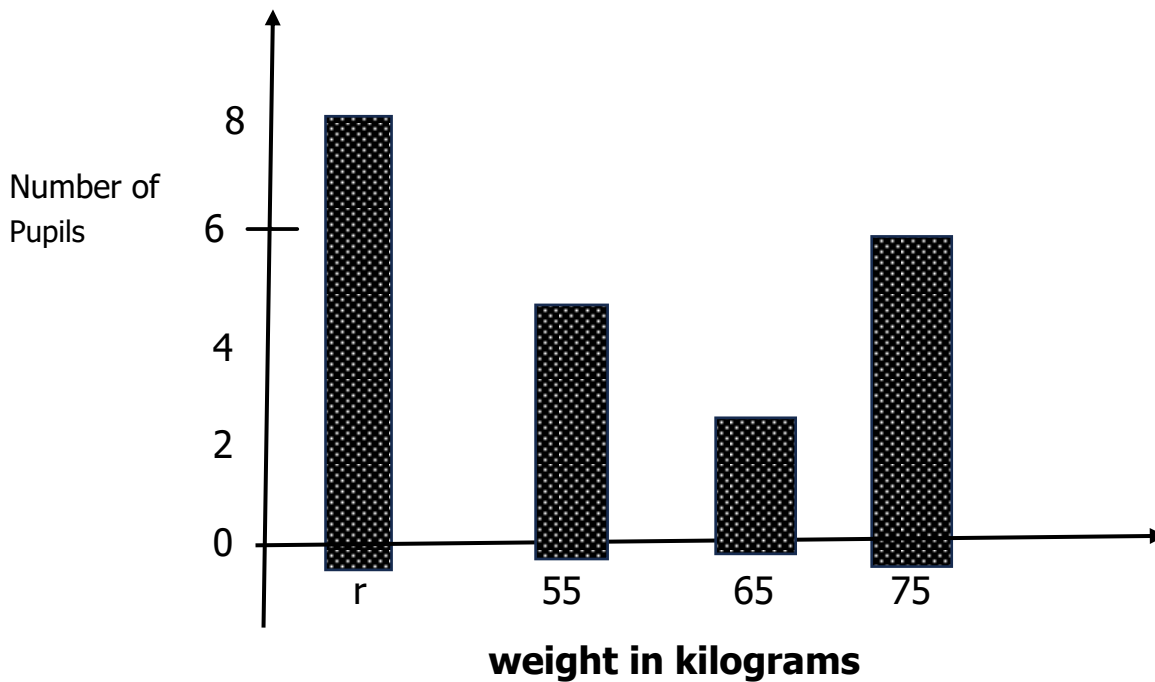
Speed in m/s = distance \div time

$$= \frac{54000}{9000}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{6\text{m/s}}}$$

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28. The graph below shows the number of pupils who were measured during nutritional day. Use it to answer the questions that follow.



a) Find the number of pupils who were measured. (02 marks)

$$8 + 5 + 3 + 6 = \underline{21 \text{ candidates}}$$

b) The mean weight of all pupils measured was 60, find the value of r.

(03 marks)

Mean \times number = sum of all data

$$60 \times 21 = 8 \times r + 5 \times 55 + 65 \times 3 + 75 \times 6$$

$$1260 = 8r + 275 + 195 + 450$$

$$1260 = 920 + 8r$$

$$340 = 8r$$

$$\frac{340}{8} = \frac{8r}{8} = 42.5$$

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29. The sum of first three consecutive odd numbers is 99.

a) Find the largest number.

(04 marks)

Let the first odd number be m

1 st	2 nd	3 rd	Sum
m	M+2	M+4	99

$$m + m+2 + m+4 = 99$$

$$3m + 6 = 99$$

$$3m + 6 - 6 = 99 - 6$$

$$3m = 93$$

$$\frac{3m}{3} = \frac{93}{3}$$

$$M = 31$$

The largest number

$$= m + 4$$

$$= 31 + 4$$

$$= \underline{\underline{35}}$$

30. Find the deposit needed in the bank to make an amount of sh.752,

000 in 4months at a rate of $13\frac{1}{3}\%$ per annum.

(05 marks)

$$I = P \times R \times T$$

AMOUNT	RATE	TIME
Sh. 752,0000	$13\frac{1}{3}\% = \frac{40}{300}$ $= \frac{2}{15}$	$\frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3} \text{ years}$

$$\text{But } I = A - P$$

$$A - P = P \times R \times T$$

$$\text{Sh. } 752,000 - P = P \times \frac{2}{15} \times \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{Sh. } 752,000 - P = \frac{2P}{45}$$

$$\text{Sh. } 752,000 \times 45 - 45p = 2p$$

$$\text{Sh. } 3384000 - 45p + 45p = 2p + 45p$$

$$\text{Sh. } 3384000 = 47p$$

$$\text{sh. } \frac{3384000}{45} = \frac{47p}{47}$$

$$\text{Sh. } 720,000 = p$$

So sh. 720,000 is needed.

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31. A circular flower garden was to be fenced using 11 poles at an interval of 4metres apart.

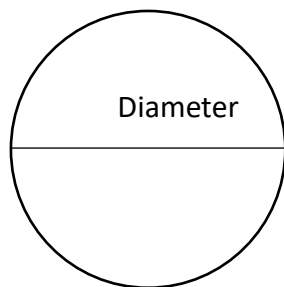
a) Find the perimeter of the garden. (02 marks)

Perimeter = interval x number of poles

$$= 11 \times 4 \text{ metres}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{44 \text{ metres}}}$$

b) Calculate the radius of the flower garden. (use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$) (03 marks)



Circumference of a full circle = its perimeter

$$\text{perimeter} = \pi d$$

$$44\text{cm} = \frac{22}{7} \times d$$

$$44\text{cm} \times 7 = \frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times d$$

$$\frac{44\text{cm} \times 7}{22} = d$$

$$14\text{cm} = \text{diameter}$$

$$\frac{14\text{cm}}{2} = \text{radius}$$

$$\underline{\underline{7\text{cm} = \text{radius}}}$$

32. a) Evaluate $123_{\text{five}} \times 112_{\text{five}}$ (03 marks)

$$\begin{array}{r} 123 \text{ five} \\ \times 112 \text{ five} \\ \hline 1301 \\ 123 \\ + \underline{123} \\ \hline \underline{14331 \text{ five}} \end{array}$$

b) Find the value of 2 in 231_{six} (02 marks)

100five	10five	Ones
2	3	1

$$2 \times 100\text{five} = \underline{\underline{200\text{five}}}$$

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